

JEE Main April 2024
Question Paper With Text Solution
06 April | Shift-1

MATHEMATICS



JEE Main & Advanced | XI-XII Foundation | VI-X Pre-Foundation

Office : Piprali Road, Sikar (Raj.) | Ph. 01572-241911
Website : www.matrixedu.in ; Email : smd@matrixacademy.co.in

**JEE MAIN APRIL 2024 | 06TH APRIL SHIFT-1****SECTION - A**

Question ID : 68019114079

1. Let C be the circle of minimum area touching the parabola $y = 6 - x^2$ and the lines $y = \sqrt{3}|x|$. Then, which one of the following points lies on the circle C ?

- (1) (1, 2) (2) (2, 2) (3) (1, 1) (4) (2, 4)

Ans. Official answer NTA(4)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114080

2. The shortest distance between the lines $\frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{y+15}{-7} = \frac{z-9}{5}$ and $\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y-1}{1} = \frac{z-9}{-3}$ is:

- (1) $8\sqrt{3}$ (2) $6\sqrt{3}$ (3) $4\sqrt{3}$ (4) $5\sqrt{3}$

Ans. Official answer NTA(3)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114082

3. If $A(3, 1, -1)$, $B\left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$, $C(2, 2, 1)$ and $D\left(\frac{10}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{-1}{3}\right)$ are the vertices of a quadrilateral ABCD, then its area is:

- (1) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$ (2) $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{3}$ (3) $2\sqrt{2}$ (4) $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3}$

Ans. Official answer NTA(4)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114073

4. Let a variable line of slope $m > 0$ passing through the point $(4, -9)$ intersect the coordinate axes at the points A and B. The minimum value of the sum of the distances of A and B from the origin is:

- (1) 30 (2) 25 (3) 15 (4) 10

MATRIX JEE ACADEMY**Office : Piprali Road, Sikar (Raj.) | Ph. 01572-241911****Website : www.matrixedu.in ; Email : smd@matrixacademy.co.in**



Ans. Official answer NTA (2)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114072

5. The interval in which the function $f(x) = x^x, x > 0$, is strictly increasing is :

- (1) $\left[\frac{1}{e^2}, 1\right)$ (2) $\left(0, \frac{1}{e}\right]$ (3) $\left[\frac{1}{e}, \infty\right)$ (4) $(0, \infty)$

Ans. Official answer NTA (3)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114077

6. Let $y = y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation $(2x \log_e x) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \frac{3}{x} \log_e x, x > 0$ and $y(e^{-1}) = 0$.

Then, $y(e)$ is equal to :

- (1) $-\frac{3}{2e}$ (2) $-\frac{3}{e}$ (3) $-\frac{2}{e}$ (4) $-\frac{2}{3e}$

Ans. Official answer NTA (2)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114081

7. The mean and standard deviation of 20 observations are found to be 10 and 2, respectively. On rechecking, it was found that an observation by mistake was taken 8 instead of 12. The correct standard deviation is :

- (1) 1.8 (2) $\sqrt{3.96}$ (3) $\sqrt{3.86}$ (4) 1.94

Ans. Official answer NTA (2)

Sol.



Question ID : 68019114069

8. Let $f:(-\infty, \infty) - \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function such that $f'(1) = \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} a^2 f\left(\frac{1}{a}\right)$. Then

$\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a(a+1)}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a}\right) + a^2 - 2 \log_e a$ is equal to :

- (1) $\frac{5}{2} + \frac{\pi}{8}$ (2) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\pi}{8}$ (3) $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{\pi}{4}$ (4) $\frac{3}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$

Ans. Official answer NTA(1)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114071

9. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & X \neq 0 \\ 0, & X = 0 \end{cases}$ then :

- (1) $f''\left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right) = \frac{24 - \pi^2}{2\pi}$ (2) $f''\left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right) = \frac{12 - \pi^2}{2\pi}$ (3) $f''(0) = 1$ (4) $f''(0) = 0$

Ans. Official answer NTA(1)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114066

10. The number of triangles whose vertices are at the vertices of a regular octagon but none of whose sides is a side of the octagon is :

- (1) 56 (2) 16 (3) 48 (4) 24

Ans.**Ans.** Official answer NTA(2)

Question ID : 68019114075

11. Let the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = 3x$, $2y = 27 - 3x$ and $y = 3x - x\sqrt{x}$ be A. Then 10A is equal to :

- (1) 184 (2) 172 (3) 154 (4) 162

MATRIX JEE ACADEMY**Office : Piprali Road, Sikar (Raj.) | Ph. 01572-241911****Website : www.matrixedu.in ; Email : smd@matrixacademy.co.in**



Ans. Official answer NTA (4)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114075

12. Let α, β be the distinct roots of the equation $x^2 - (t^2 - 5t + 6)x + 1 = 0, t \in \mathbb{R}$ and $a_n = \alpha^n + \beta^n$. Then the minimum value of $\frac{a_{2023} + a_{2025}}{a_{2024}}$ is :

- (1) $-1/2$ (2) $1/2$ (3) $1/4$ (4) $-1/4$

Ans. Official answer NTA (4)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114064

13. Let the relations R_1 and R_2 on the set $X = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 20\}$ be given by $R_1 = \{(x, y) : 2x - 3y = 2\}$ and $R_2 = \{(x, y) : -5x + 4y = 0\}$. If M and N be the minimum number of elements required to be added in R_1 and R_2 , respectively, in order to make the relations symmetric, then $M + N$ equals :

- (1) 8 (2) 16 (3) 10 (4) 12

Ans. Official answer NTA (3)

Sol.

Question ID : 68019114083

14. A company has two plants A and B to manufacture motorcycles. 60% motorcycles are manufactured at plant A and the remaining are manufactured at plant B. 80% of the motorcycles manufactured at plant A are rated of the standard quality, while 90% of the motorcycles manufactured at plant B are rated of the standard quality. A motorcycle picked up randomly from the total production is found to be of the standard quality. If p is the probability that it was manufactured at plant B, then $126p$ is :

- (1) 66 (2) 54 (3) 56 (4) 64

Ans. Official answer NTA (2)

Sol.



Question ID : 68019114074

15. $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x}{(\cos^3 x + \sin^3 x)^2} dx$ is equal to :

- (1) 1/9 (2) 1/6 (3) 1/3 (4) 1/12

Ans. Official answer NTA(2)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114070

16. Let $A = \{n \in [100, 700] \cap \mathbb{N} : n \text{ is neither a multiple of 3 nor a multiple of 4}\}$. Then the number of elements in A is:

- (1) 310 (2) 300 (3) 280 (4) 290

Ans. Official answer NTA(2)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114078

17. A circle is inscribed in an equilateral triangle of side of length 12. If the area and perimeter of any square inscribed in this circle are m and n, respectively, then $m + n^2$ is equal to :

- (1) 396 (2) 408 (3) 312 (4) 414

Ans. Official answer NTA(2)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114065

18. The function $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x^2 - 4x + 9}, x \in \mathbb{R}$ is :

- (1) both one-one and onto (2) onto but not one-one
-
- (3) neither one-one nor onto (4) one-one but not onto

Ans. Official answer NTA(3)**Sol.**



Question ID : 68019114068

19. For $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ and a natural number n , let $A_r = \begin{vmatrix} r & 1 & \frac{n^2}{2} + \alpha \\ 2r & 2 & n^2 - \beta \\ 3r - 2 & 3 & \frac{n(3n-1)}{2} \end{vmatrix}$. Then $2A_{10} - A_8$ is :

- (1) $4\alpha + 2\beta$ (2) $2n$ (3) 0 (4) $2\alpha + 4\beta$

Ans. Official answer NTA(1)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114076

20. Let $y = y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation $(1+x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{\tan^{-1}x}$, $y(1) = 0$. Then $y(0)$ is :

- (1) $\frac{1}{2}(1 - e^{\pi/2})$ (2) $\frac{1}{4}(e^{\pi/2} - 1)$ (3) $\frac{1}{4}(1 - e^{\pi/2})$ (4) $\frac{1}{2}(e^{\pi/2} - 1)$

Ans. Official answer NTA(1)**Sol.****SECTION - B**

Question ID : 68019114093

21. For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, if $\cot^{-1} 3 + \cot^{-1} 4 + \cot^{-1} 5 + \cot^{-1} n = \frac{\pi}{4}$, then n is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA(47)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114084

22. Let x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 be the solution of the equation $4x^4 + 8x^3 - 17x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$ and

$$(4 + x_1^2)(4 + x_2^2)(4 + x_3^2)(4 + x_4^2) = \frac{125}{16}m. \text{ Then the value of } m \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

Ans. Official answer NTA(221)**MATRIX JEE ACADEMY****Office : Piprali Road, Sikar (Raj.) | Ph. 01572-241911****Website : www.matrixedu.in ; Email : smd@matrixacademy.co.in**

**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114092

23. Let $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$ and a vector \vec{c} be such that $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) + \vec{b} \times \vec{c} = \hat{i} + 8\hat{j} + 13\hat{k}$. If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = 13$, then $(24 - \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})$ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (46)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114086

24. If the second, third and fourth terms in the expansion of $(x + y)^n$ are 135, 30 and $\frac{10}{3}$, respectively, then $6(n^3 + x^2 + y)$ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (806)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114087

25. Let the first term of a series be $T_1 = 6$ and its r^{th} term $T_r = 3T_{r-1} + 6^r$, $r = 2, 3, \dots, n$. If the sum of the first n terms of this series is $\frac{1}{5}(n^2 - 12n + 39)(4 \cdot 6^n - 5 \cdot 3^n + 1)$, then n is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (6)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114091

26. Let P be the point (10, -2, -1) and Q be the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the point R(1, 7, 6) on the line passing through the points (2, -5, 11) and (-6, 7, -5). Then the length of the line segment PQ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (13)**Sol.**



Question ID : 68019114090

27. Let a conic C pass through the point $(4, -2)$ and $P(x, y)$, $x \geq 3$, be any point on C . Let the slope of the line touching the conic C only at a single point P be half the slope of the line joining the points P and $(3, -5)$. If the focal distance of the point $(7, 1)$ on C is d , then $12d$ equals _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (75)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114085

28. Let $\alpha\beta\gamma = 45$; $\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}$. If $x(\alpha, 1, 2) + y(1, \alpha, 2) + z(2, 3, \gamma) = (0, 0, 0)$ for some $x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$, $x y z \neq 0$, then $6\alpha + 4\beta + \gamma$ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (55)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114088

29. Let $r_k = \frac{\int_0^1 (1-x^7)^k dx}{\int_0^1 (1-x^7)^{k+1} dx}$, $k \in \mathbb{N}$. Then the value of $\sum_{k=1}^{10} \frac{1}{7(r_k - 1)}$ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (65)**Sol.**

Question ID : 68019114089

30. Let L_1, L_2 be the lines passing through the point $P(0, 1)$ and touching the parabola $9x^2 + 12x + 18y - 14 = 0$. Let Q and R be the points on the lines L_1 and L_2 such that the ΔPQR is an isosceles triangle with base QR . If the slopes of the lines QR are m_1 and m_2 , then $16(m_1^2 + m_2^2)$ is equal to _____.

Ans. Official answer NTA (68)**Sol.**